TABLE 1. Demographic Information on Prevalent HIV/AIDS Cases Living in KALAMAZOO CO. at Diagnosis

	EST PREV*	REPORTED PREVALENCE†					CENSUS 2006 ESTIMATES			
	FREV"	HIV, not AIDS		AIDS			Total			1/E3
	Number	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Rate per 100,000 <sup>§</sup>	Number	Percent
RACE/ ETHNICIT	Y 97							100,000		
White	220	76	(56%)	77	(61%)	153	(58%)	77.2	198,078	(82%)
Black	150	56	(41%)	44	(35%)	100	(38%)	426.3	23,456	(10%)
Hispanic	10	<5	**	5	(4%)	7	(3%)		7,579	(3%)
Asian/PI	10	<5	**	0	(0%)	<5	**	**	5,859	(2%)
Am Indian/AN	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	**	976	(<1%)
Multi/Unk	10	<5	**	0	(0%)	<5	**	N/A	4,772	(2%)
SEX & RACE										
Males	300	97	(71%)	107	(85%)	204	(78%)	174.4	116,991	(49%)
White Males	190	60	(44%)	72	(57%)	132	(50%)	137.6	95,939	(40%)
Black Males	90	34	(25%)	31	(25%)	65	(25%)	583.3	11,143	(5%)
Hispanic Males	10	<5	**	<5	**	5	(2%)		3,919	(2%)
Other Males	10	<5	**	0	(0%)	<5	**	**	5,990	(2%)
Females	80	39	(29%)	19	(15%)	58	(22%)	46.9	123,729	(51%)
White Females	30	16	(29 %) (12%)	5	(4%)	21	(22 %) (8%)	20.6	102,139	(42%)
Black Females	50	22	(16%)	13	(10%)	35	(13%)	284.3	12,313	(5%)
Hispanic Fmls	10	<5	**	<5	**	<5	**	204.5 **	3,660	(2%)
Other Females	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	**	5,617	(2%)
		_	(= , = )		( - , - ,	-	(0,5)		-,	(-,-)
RISK*	100	C.E.	(400/)	C.F.	(FO0/ \	100	(E00/)	NI/A	NI/A	NI/A
Male-Male Sex	190	65	(48%)	65	(52%)	130	(50%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Injection Drug Use	30	10	(7%)	14	(11%)	24	(9%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
MSM/IDU	20	7	(5%) **	5	(4%) **	12	(5%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Blood Products	10	<5		<5		5	(2%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Heterosexual	50	24	(18%)	13	(10%)	37	(14%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
HRH	40	18	(13%)	9	(7%) **	27	(10%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
PH-Female	10	6	(4%)	<5	**	10	(4%) **	N/A	N/A	N/A
Perinatal	10	0	(0%)	<5		<5		N/A	N/A	N/A
Undetermined	80	27	(20%)	26	(21%)	53	(20%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
PH-Male Unknown	30 50	<5 23	(17%)	16 10	(13%) (8%)	20 33	(8%) (13%)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
AGE AT HIV DIAG	SNOSIS		, ,		. ,		, ,			
0 - 12 years	10	0	(0%)	<5	**	<5	**	N/A	N/A	N/A
			(0%)	<5	**		(40/)	N/A	N/A	N/A
13 - 19 years	20	8	(6%)			11	(4%)			
20 - 24 years	50 70	21	(15%)	11	(9%)	32	(12%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
25 - 29 years	70	22	(16%)	24	(19%)	46	(18%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
30 - 39 years	130	55	(40%)	38	(30%)	93	(35%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
40 - 49 years	80	21	(15%)	35	(28%)	56	(21%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
50 - 59 years	30	8	(6%)	10	(8%)	18	(7%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
60 years and over	10	<5	**	<5	**	5	(2%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unspecified	0	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL	380	136	(100%)	126	(100%)	262	(100%)	109	240,720	(100%

<sup>\*</sup>See page 4 for descriptions of prevalence estimate calculations and new risk category groupings. Risk categories used in Michigan are newly defined as of the July 2007 quarter.

<sup>†</sup> Includes reports that contain patient name or are otherwise unduplicated. <5 and '\*' = 1, 2, 3, or 4 cases.

<sup>§</sup> To calculate "1 out x" statements, divide the census number by total reported prevalence. For example, for non-Hispanic whites: 198,078 / 153 = 1,295. Thus, 1 out of every 1,295 non-Hispanic white persons in KALAMAZOO CO. are living with HIV. Rates and "1 out of x" statements are not reliable for <10 cases. Thus, rates for <10 cases are shown as "---".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>¶</sup> In this report, persons described as white, black, Asian/Pacific Islander (PI), or American Indian/Alaska Native (AN) are all non-Hispanic; persons described as Hispanic might be of any race.

TABLE 2. Sex, Race, and Risk Among Prevalent HIV/AIDS Cases in KALAMAZOO CO.

MALES	White		ВІ	Black		Hispanic		Other or Unknown		Male Subtotal	
Male-Male sex	94	(71%)	31	(48%)	<5	**	<5	**	130	(64%)	
Injecting Drug Use	7	(5%)	6	(9%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	13	(6%)	
Male-Male Sex/IDU	7	(5%)	5	(8%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	12	(6%)	
Blood Products	<5	**	<5	**	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	5	(2%)	
Heterosexual*	<5	**	<5	**	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	<5	**	
Perinatal	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	
Undetermined	20	(15%)	18	(28%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	40	(20%)	
PH-Male	10	(8%)	9	(14%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	20	(10%)	
Unknown	10	(8%)	9	(14%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	20	(10%)	
Male Subtotal	132	(65%)	65	(32%)	5	(2%)	<5	**	204	(100%)	
FEMALES	White		Black		Hispanic		Other or Unknown		Female Subtotal		
Injecting Drug Use	<5	**	8	(23%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	11	(19%)	
Blood Products	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	
Heterosexual	13	(62%)	19	(54%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	33	(57%)	
HRH	11	(52%)	11	(31%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	23	(40%)	
PH-Female	<5	**	8	(23%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	10	(17%)	
Perinatal	<5	**	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	<5	**	
Undetermined*	<5	**	8	(23%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	13	(22%)	
Female Subtotal	21	(36%)	35	(60%)	<5	* *	0	(0%)	58	(100%)	
TOTAL	White		Black		His	Hispanic		Other or Unknown		Risk Total	
Male-Male sex	94	(61%)	31	(31%)	<5	**	<5	**	130	(50%)	
Injecting Drug Use	10	(7%)	14	(14%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	24	(9%)	
Male-Male Sex/IDU	7	(5%)	5	(5%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	12	(5%)	
Blood Products	<5	**	<5	**	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	5	(2%)	
Heterosexual	14	(9%)	22	(22%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	37	(14%)	
HRH	12	(8%)	14	(14%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	27	(10%)	
PH-Female	<5	**	8	(8%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	10	(4%)	
Perinatal	<5	**	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)	<5	**	
Undetermined	24	(16%)	26	(26%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	53	(20%)	
PH-Male	10	(7%)	9	(9%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	20	(8%)	
Unknown	14	(9%)	17	(17%)	<5	**	0	(0%)	33	(13%)	
RACE TOTAL	153	(58%)	100	(38%)	7	(3%)	<5	* *	262	(100%)	

<sup>\*</sup>In the male subset all cases in the heterosexual category are HRH because the PH-Female category is not applicable to males and, likewise, in the female subset, all cases in the undetermined category are of unknown risk because the PH-Male category is not applicable to females. See page 4 for additional details about the changes to Michigan's risk categories.

TABLE 3. New Diagnoses, Deaths, and Prevalence of HIV/AIDS in KALAMAZOO CO. by Year

		HIV/AID		AIDS		
Year	New HIV Diagnoses	Deaths	Prevalence	New AIDS Diagnoses	Deaths	Prevalence
1983	1	0	1	1	0	1
1984	2	0	3	0	0	1
1985	8	2	9	3	2	2
1986	9	1	17	1	1	2
1987	17	4	30	7	4	5
1988	14	4	40	10	4	11
1989	23	4	59	7	4	14
1990	40	10	89	20	10	24
1991	23	8	104	10	8	26
1992	21	7	118	15	7	34
1993	20	12	126	25	11	48
1994	20	14	132	22	13	57
1995	20	14	138	28	13	72
1996	27	12	153	21	12	81
1997	18	15	156	21	13	89
1998	15	3	168	12	2	99
1999	15	5	178	5	5	99
2000	11	8	181	9	8	100
2001	11	5	187	6	5	101
2002	8	4	191	1	4	98
2003	13	5	199	4	5	97
2004	24	2	221	7	1	103
2005	20	5	236	14	3	114
2006	18	2	252	8	2	120
2007	12	2	262	8	2	126
TOTAL	410	148		265	139	

The prevalence of HIV in Michigan has steadily increased, since persons with HIV are living longer. This is largely due to improved anti-retroviral therapy.

The increase in HIV prevalence is also reflected in Figure 1 on page 5, which shows that the number of persons diagnosed, while stable for the last several years, is greater than the number of deaths each year. This directly contributes to the increase in prevalence. The current reported prevalence of HIV/AIDS in KALAMAZOO CO. is 262. The prevalence of AIDS, which is a subset of HIV/AIDS prevalence, is 126.

As implied, the HIV/AIDS section displays data on all persons with HIV, including those with AIDS, as well as those who have not been diagnosed with AIDS. Thus, persons represented in the AIDS section are also represented in the HIV/AIDS section. The number of reported deaths includes deaths directly attributable to presence of HIV/AIDS as well as deaths due to other causes.

NOTE: Reporting for recent years may not be complete. Data are not adjusted to account for reporting delays.

## FIGURE 1. New Diagnoses, Deaths, and Prevalence of HIV/AIDS in KALAMAZOO CO. by Yea

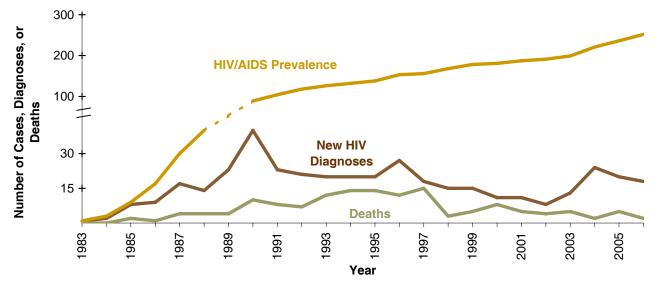


TABLE 4. Comparison of HIV/AIDS Prevalence in KALAMAZOO CO. to State

Residence at	Estimated		Cumulative			
Diagnosis	Prevalence	HIV, not AIDS	AIDS	Total	Rate	AIDS
Kalamazoo Co.	380	136	126	262	109	265
Michigan Total	18,000	6,325	6,995	13,320	132	15,579

## **ADDITIONAL NOTES**

## Prevalence Estimate Calculations

HIV prevalence estimates include all persons living in KALAMAZOO CO. at diagnosis of HIV or AIDS and incorporates an approximation of those not reported or not yet diagnosed. All estimates are rounded to the nearest ten, and the minimum estimate given is 10. Prevalence estimates were most recently revised in January 2008, so the estimates in this report may vary in comparison to reports published before the revision.

## Risk Groups

In June 2007, the CSTE issued a position statement proposing the creation of a "presumed heterosexual" category. As a result, the following changes were made to Michigan's HIV risk categories.

Heterosexual risk is made up of two sub-categories, (1) HRH [High Risk Heterosexual]: Males and females whose sexual partners are known to be HIV-infected or at high risk for HIV. The partners meet one of the following criteria: a history of sexual contact with bi-sexual males (for females), IDU, hemophiliacs, HIV+ transfusion recipients or other HIV+ persons of unknown risk and (2) PH [Presumed Heterosexual]-female: Females who are not injection drug users and whose only reported risk is heterosexual contact, but their male partners' risk and HIV status are unknown.

Undetermined risk is made up of two sub-categories, (1) PH [Presumed Heterosexual]-Male: Males whose only reported risk is heterosexual contact, and their female partners' risk and HIV status are unknown and (2) Unknown: Males and Females with no identified risk.



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